

Coronavirus COVID-19

BC Centre for Disease Control | BC Ministry of Health



HOW YOU CAN SLOW THE SPREAD OF COVID-19 Take care of others by taking care of yourself.

Wash your hands, don't touch your face, and stay home if you are sick.

Stay at Home and Physically Distance

Stay at home whenever you can. Maintain 2 meters distance from those outside of your household.

COVID-19: Personal Protective Equipment Recommendations for Endotracheal Intubation of Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19 Patients in Critical Care and Emergency Departments Updated: July 23, 2020

For intubation of suspected and confirmed COVID-19 patients in acute care facilities, consider the following principles:

- 1) All aspects of intubation, including Bag Valve Mask (BVM) use, are considered **Aerosol Generating Medical Procedures (AGMP):** http://www.bccdc.ca/Health-Professionals-Site/Documents/AGMPs requiring N95.pdf
- 2) All intubation team members should don Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for AGMP (droplet, contact and airborne PPE with fit-tested N95 respirators, face shield or goggles, gloves and gown) before entering the room.
- 3) Securing the airway, with a definitive Endotracheal Tube (ETT), is an urgent priority recommended to minimize AGMP risks. Ventilation using BVM should be avoided (or minimized where possible).
- 4) Minimize the number of health-care team members to only those involved in intubation of the patient.

Definitions

- Confirmed COVID-19 patient a patient with lab confirmation (PCR NAAT assay) of SARS-CoV-2 virus infection
- Suspected COVID-19 patient a patient with COVID-19 like symptoms or risk factors for COVID-19 (recent travel outside Canada, close contact of confirmed case, close contact of known outbreak)

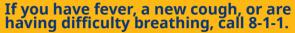
Endotracheal intubation is an AGMP which has a high potential risk of exposure to HCW. Some expert groups have proposed supplemental PPE for the person performing or assisting with the intubation¹. Editorials discussing results of high-fidelity airway simulation scenarios likewise propose supplemental PPE².

These authors have highlighted the potential for wrist and neck contamination in certain circumstances and have proposed modifications to airborne PPE protocols. These have had variable uptake in different jurisdictions and settings in B.C. Neither the B.C. Centre for Disease Control (BCCDC) or the Public Health Agency of Canada (PHAC) recommend supplemental PPE items or modified protocols at this time.

Following consultation with experts in Medical Microbiology, Infection Prevention and Control (IPAC), Emergency Medicine, and Intensive Care, the following guidance is provided to ensure the safety of staff involved in intubation procedures.







¹ https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s12630-020-01673-w

² Can J Anesth/J Can Anesth https://doi.org/10.1007/s12630-020-01638-z

Key Principles for PPE intubation

- 1) The safety of the health care workers (HCW) is the priority
- 2) The greatest risk to the HCW for exposure is during the doffing of the PPE
- 3) Additional PPE must not create undue complexity that may result in unintentional exposure during doffing
- 4) HCWs should be familiar with all PPE worn and become expert in the donning and doffing ideally through practice and simulation
- 5) An independent observer should be present during donning and doffing to prevent errors if available and time permits depending on the urgency.

PPE for Endotracheal	Recommendation	Other Considerations
Intubation		
N95 mask	Standard	Fit testing required
Gloves	Standard	Ensure that gloves cover the cuffs of the gown since the
		cuffs are not fluid resistant. This may eliminate the concern
		and need for long cuff gloves. Ensure effective hand hygiene
		after doffing
Gown	Standard	Fluid resistant or impermeable
Goggles or face shield	Standard	Face shields should be anchored from above
Face shield on top of	Not Standard	Felt to be unnecessary and may impair visualization
goggles		
Surgical mask over N95	Not recommended	This includes surgical masks with visor as it may interfere
		with the N95 respirator fit and /or function.
Shoe or boot cover	Not recommended	May self-contaminate with microorganisms and dust/soil
		from the bottom of footwear during removal.
Bouffant	Not Standard	Are not fluid resistant and may offer limited protection
Hood	Not Standard	May add increased complexity in donning and doffing
Tyvek suits	Not standard	May add increased complexity in donning and doffing
Double gloves	Not Standard	During a pandemic supply may be limited. May increase
		contamination when doffing.
Long cuff gloves	Not Standard	During a pandemic supply may be limited. Consider if
		standard gloves do not cover the cuffs of the gown
		adequately
Water-resistant surgical	Not Standard	High fidelity airway simulation shows protection of the
adhesive drape attached to		anterior neck.
face shields		May introduce complexity in donning and doffing
Other drapes towel etc. to	Not Recommended	May expose HCW to contamination during the procedure or
cover anterior neck		doffing

Standard: BCCDC and PHAC recommendations. For use by all HCWs present during an intubation.

Not Standard: May be used if endorsed by local IPAC and HCWs have had appropriate training.

Not Recommended: Use should be avoided due to added risk to HCWs or unnecessary use of resources.







Additional Notes

Competency in donning and doffing of all PPE is necessary to ensure appropriate use. Improper use of PPE can increase risk to the HCW.

The PPE donning and doffing resources are best accessed here: http://www.bccdc.ca/health-professionals/clinical-resources/covid-19-care/infection-control/personal-protective-equipment

If showers are available, HCWs leaving the immediate confirmed COVID-19 patient clinical area (hot zone) after intubation may consider showering before proceeding to care for other patients. This may reduce concerns over contamination of the neck.

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